# SHEDDING LIGHT ON THE NEXT GENERATION OF MOBILE STUDENTS

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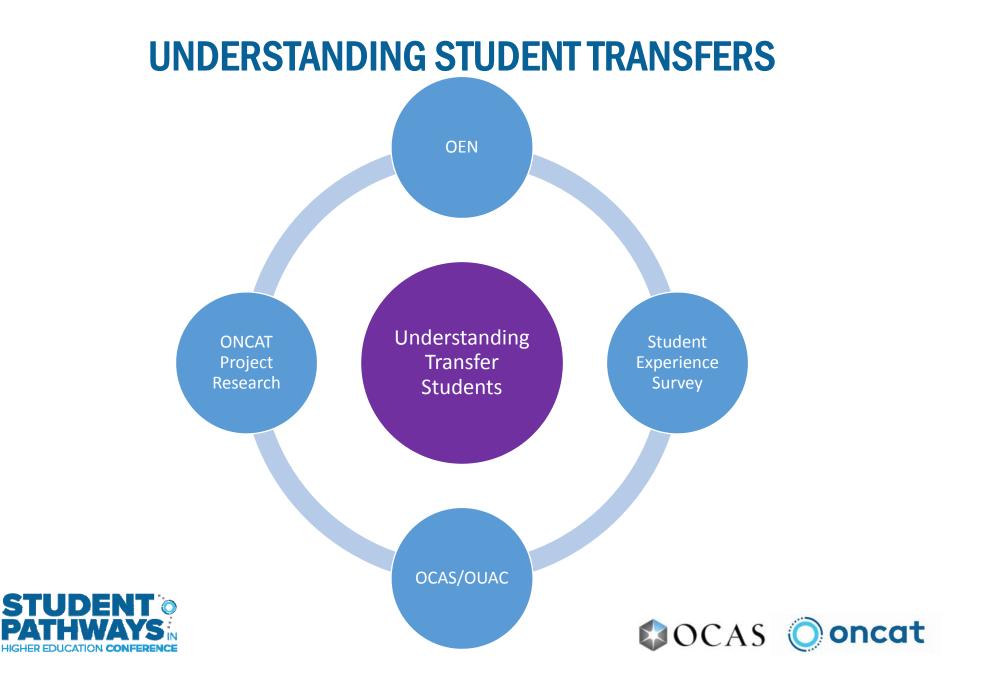


## **HOW THE PROJECT GOT STARTED**

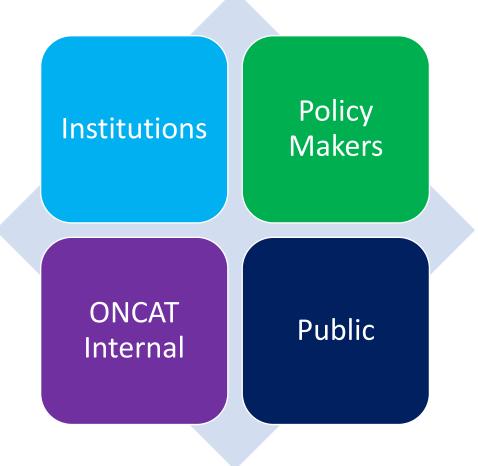
- ONCAT Research RFP
- OCAS responded to RFP
- Worked with OUAC to secure data regarding transcripts transferred in 2015 and 2016







# **ONCAT REPORTING AUDIENCE**







# **ABOUT THE DATA**

 2015 & 2016 transcript transfer requests, provided by OUAC & OCAS

- Only Non-Direct Applicants included (small variation between OCAS and OUAC definition)
- Unit of Analysis Transcripts transferred





# **POPULATION GROUPS**

- Three population groups were included in the study:
  - All Applicants 252,945 transcripts transferred
  - Indigenous Applicants 5,996 transcripts transferred
  - First Generation Applicants 95,435 transcripts transferred





# **KEY FINDING AREAS**

• Analysis by:

- Institutional Direction/Type Mobility
- Geographic Mobility
- Study Area
- Destination Credential Type applied to





# **INSTITUTIONAL MOVEMENT**

## • KEY FINDING:

- For All Applicants 70% of all transcripts transferred were directed to Colleges
- Shifts observed in the First Generation population, with 53% of all transcripts transferred directed to Universities
- Indigenous community shows no clear trend at this point

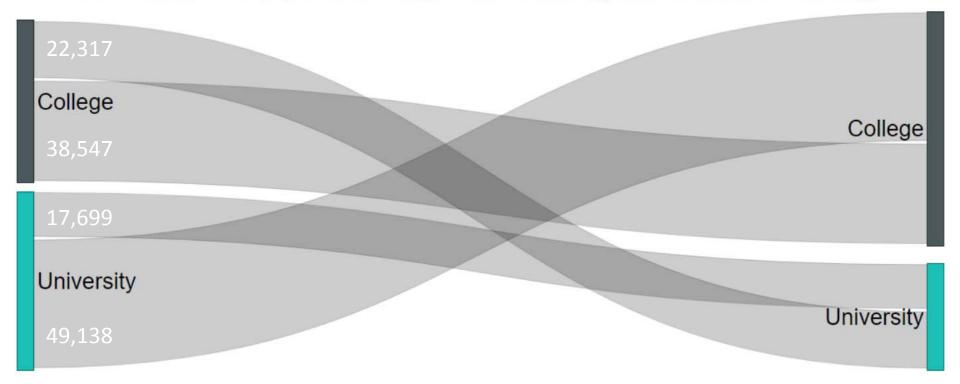
# • Findings in line with multiple reports





#### **2015 - INSTITUTIONAL TYPE AND DIRECTION**

2015 Number of Transcripts Transferred: by Feeder Institution Type and Destination Institution Type

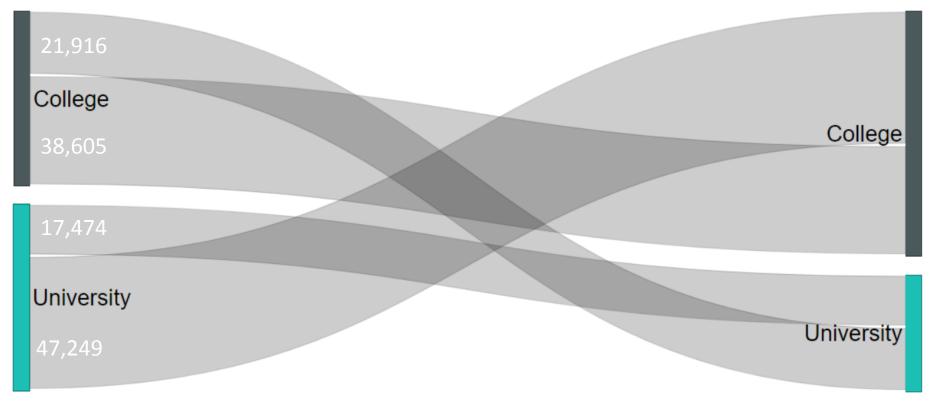






# **2016 - INSTITUTIONAL TYPE AND DIRECTION**

2016 Number of Transcripts Transferred: by Feeder Institution Type and Destination Institution Type







# **GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY**

- Institutions were divided across Four Regions:
  - Eastern, Central, Northern, Western
- KEY FINDINGS:
  - Most transcripts were transferred to institutions in the Central Region, representing almost half of all transcripts transferred
  - Generally, applicants stay in the same Region they started in
  - Some variation according to Population Type and Region
  - ONCAT impacts





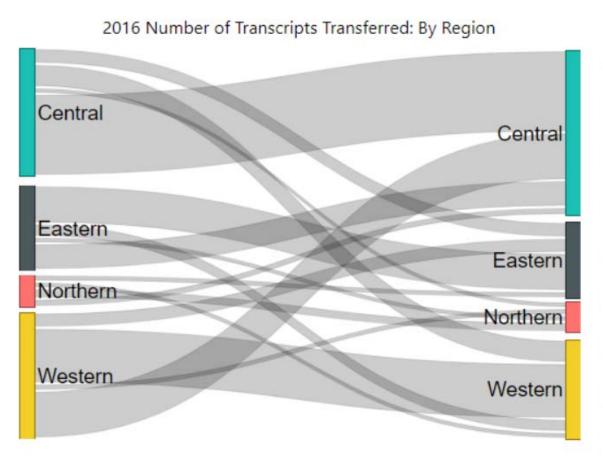
#### **2015 - GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY**

	2015 Number of Transcripts Transferred: By Region		Feeder Region	Destination Region	Number of Transcripts
			Central	Central	30686
Central		Control	Central	Eastern	4626
	Central		Central	Northern	1691
		Central	Central	Western	7831
			Eastern	Central	9152
Eastern			Eastern	Eastern	13849
		_	Eastern	Northern	1599
		Eastern	Eastern	Western	4115
			Northern	Central	2111
Northern			Northern	Eastern	1647
		Northern	Northern	Northern	3222
Western			Northern	Western	1704
	Western		Western	Central	18129
		Western	Western	Eastern	4859
			Western	Northern	1861
			Western	Western	20619
			Total		127701





#### **2016 - GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY**



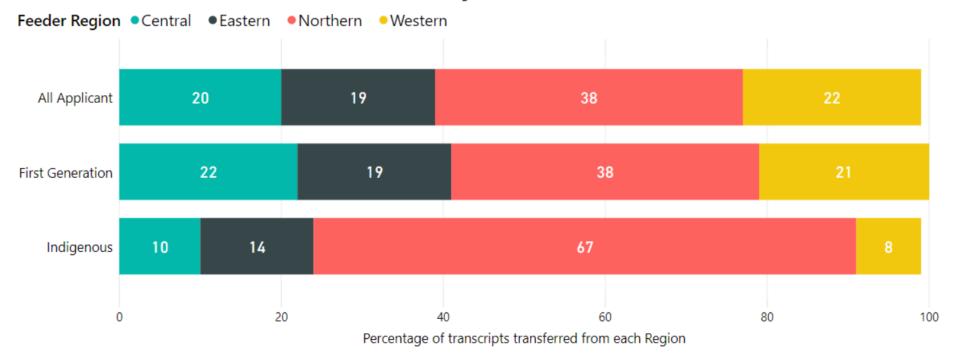
Total		125244		
Western	Western	20124		
Western	Northern	1787		
Western	Eastern	4800		
Western	Central	17129		
Northern	Western	1611		
Northern	Northern	2991		
Northern	Eastern	1763		
Northern	Central	2184		
Eastern	Western	4075		
Eastern	Northern	1582		
Eastern	Eastern	13501		
Eastern	Central	9158		
Central	Western	7921		
Central	Northern	1549		
Central	Eastern	5019		
Central	Central	30050		
Region	Region	Transcripts		
Feeder	Destination	Number of		





#### 2015 GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY – NORTHERN REGION

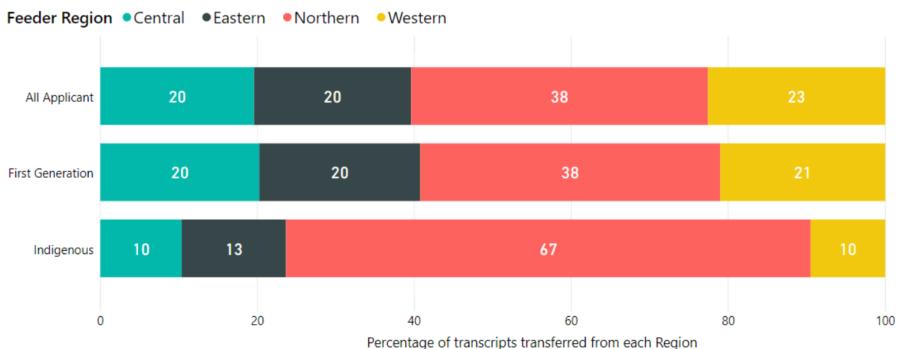
2015 Movement from each Region INTO the NORTHERN REGION







#### 2016 GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY – NORTHERN REGION



2016 Movement from each region INTO the NORTHERN Region





# **GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY – COMMON PATHWAYS**

- We did a deep dive into a wide variety of layers:
  - To Which Region -> From Same or Different Region -> From a Same or Different type of Institution
- The most common path varies slightly from what might be expected:
  - Most common path at this level represents transfers between <u>different</u> Regions





#### **GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY – COMMON PATHWAYS**

ALL APPLICANT		2015			2016			
	transcripts transferred	transcripts transferred for 2015		transcripts transferred	Percentage of ALL transcripts transferred for 2016	Percentage of ALL transcripts transferred within each Type of Region for 2016		
To CENTRAL Region	60078	47%	47%	58521	47%	47%		
From a DIFFERENT Region	29392	23%	49%	28471	23%	49%		
From a DIFFERENT type of Institution								
College to University	1794	1%	11%	1815	1%	12%		
University to College	14809	12%	89%	13819	11%	88%		
From the SAME type of Institution	I							
College to College	7355	6%	58%	7545	6%	59%		
University to University	5434	4%	42%	5292	4%	41%		
From the SAME Region	30686	24%	51%	30050	24%	51%		
From a DIFFERENT type of Institution								
College to University	5730	4%	34%	5594	4%	34%		
University to College	11072	9%	66%	10975	9%	66%		
From the SAME type of Institution								
College to College	10737	8%	77%	10358	8%	77%		
University to University	3147	2%	23%	3123	2%	23%		





#### **STUDY AREA**

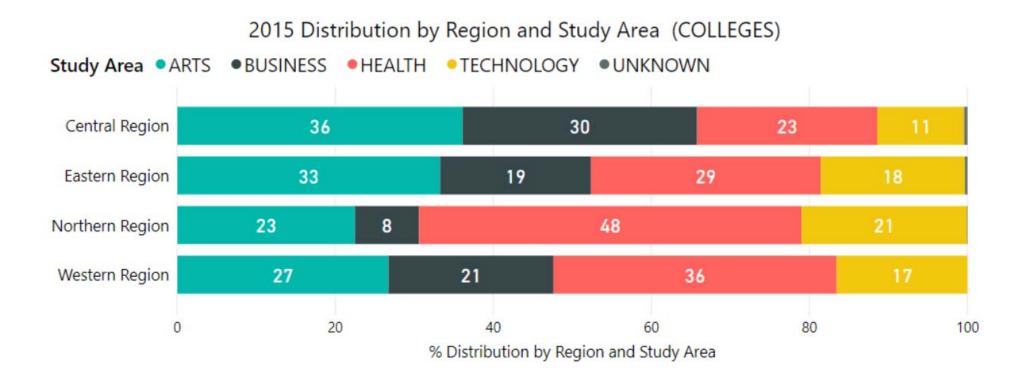
#### • KEY FINDINGS:

- Overall, more transcripts are being transferred to support applications to Central Region Colleges in ARTS, and BUSINESS, and HEALTH (in that order).
- ARTS is the primary destination across most Regions and Colleges/Universities:
  - Northern and Western Colleges are the exception, where HEALTH is the primary destination





#### **2015 - STUDY AREA**

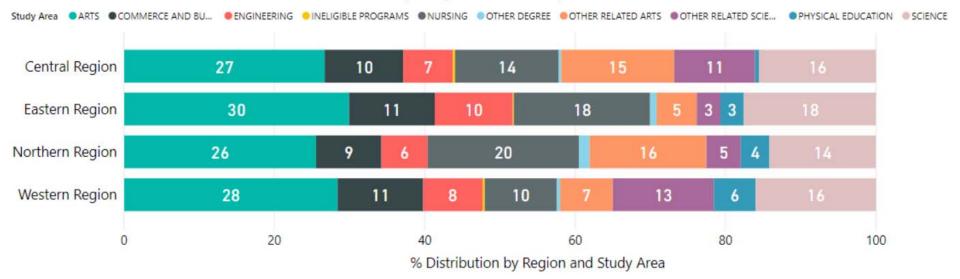






#### 2016 - STUDY AREA

#### 2016 Distribution by Region and Study Area (UNIVERSITY)







# **DESTINATION CREDENTIAL**

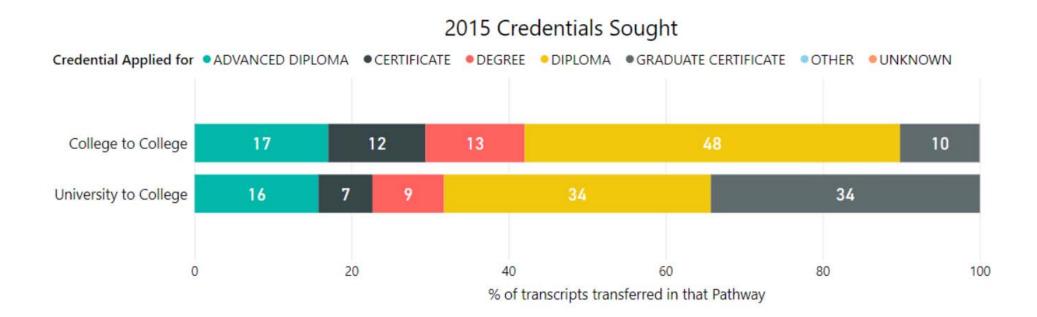
# Analysis only applies to Colleges

- Universities only have Degree credentials
- There are some differences by path





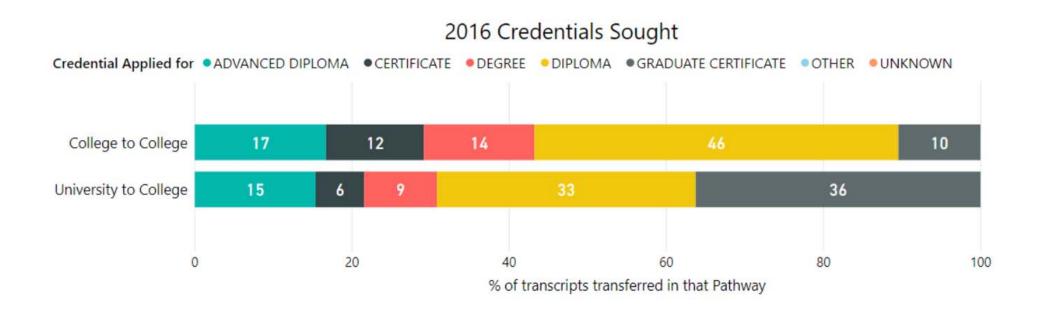
#### **2015 - DESTINATION CREDENTIAL**







# **2016 - DESTINATION CREDENTIAL**







## DISCUSSION

- Phase 1 Descriptive
- What have we learned?
  - Not huge differences from year to year
  - Some differences between First Generation and All Applicants
  - Indigenous population is in flux





## DISCUSSION

#### • Phase 2 – More in depth

- Understand applicant behavior
  - Do some transfer paths typically see more transcripts supporting the requests?
  - How far, geographically, do applicants travel? How does it vary by program?
  - Program to program level analysis
- Understanding applicant demographics behavioural impacts
- Understand unique applicants





#### DISCUSSION

• Other ways to explore this conversation at this conference





#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

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#### **THANK YOU!!**



